

# **U18 LEARN TO CURL Program**

This is an 8-week 2-hour program

If you have 1.5 hours for your program, then select activities that fit your timeline





### INTRODUCTION

Curling Canada's U18 Learn to Curl program is designed to introduce teens to the sport of curling. The objective is to have fun, increase physical activity, promote curling as a life-long recreational sport and provide competitive opportunities for participants who show interest and want to remain Competitive for Life. The program is based on Curling Canada's Long Term Curler Development Framework.

## **Program Instructors**

The program will be much more successful if trained coaches are used. Participants will receive standard messages, hear common language and be able to progress through the skill development more quickly than younger children and adults who are starting out. Ideally, Instructors will be 'youthful' so that the participants can easily relate to them.

Recommended Coach Qualifications for U18 Learn to Curl Instructors: Club Coach "Trained" Recommended Coach to Athlete Ratio for U18 Programs: 1:8

Each club should have a Screening and Risk Management Policy in place since instructors, employees or contractors will be working with minors.

## **Program Framework**

Program Length: 8 weeks (+/- 1 week if required)

Session Length: 2 hours total

Recognizing that U18 Learn to Curl Participants are not "children", efforts should be made to keep activities, fun but not necessarily be "silly." U18 Learn to Curl Participants will enter Curling's Long Term Curler Development Framework at the Active for Life Stage. This program is developed with the understanding that participants have developed Fundamental Movement skills, and physical literacy through other sports and activities prior to this curling experience. Participants in this age group are concerned about social acceptance. Keeping them grouped with friends is important and allowing the participants "Free Play" time to self-discover is a way to engage the participant to try what interests or intrigues them. Equally as important, is the need for the participant to acquire curling skills quickly to keep the participant engaged and feeling successful.

The lesson plans outline clear goals and objectives, equipment required, key teaching points, games and activities to support the goals and objectives, as well as a list of drills or suggested activities.

Each session is two hours in total and will include both on and off ice time. It is important to start and end each session on time, people may have other commitments afterwards. It should be treated as a fun learning environment for beginners. Music can help keep things fun (be sure to have a current play list that participants can relate to).

Follow the safety guidelines in Curling Canada's helmet policy – each participant will need to bring a helmet to participate in the program. Helmets are recommended for novice curlers regardless of age.

## Equipment

This program encourages the use of a broom vs. a balance device for introducing all new participants to the U18 Learn to Curl. This is due to the ability for youth of this age to adapt and acquire new physical skills and the relative health and fitness of most youth. IF HOWEVER, skill acquisition is being negatively impacted, the instructor may need to adapt the program and introduce a balance device. Every attempt should be made to have the curlers throwing with a brush at this age and stage of development.



As well, the program promotes slip-on sliders vs. step-on sliders for safety, or ideally each curler would have curling shoes with double grippers.

## **Grouping Strategies**

If participants have joined the U18 Learn to Curl Program and made it known they did so together, it is important to keep friends together during the program. They are there to experience something with a friend or have joined together for confidence through peer support.

For the first few weeks as everyone is developing, it's important for participants to gain self-confidence and to try the sport without the fear of embarrassment. Try putting similar people together in groups. For example, put all the 13-year-old girls together, put all the older teen boys together. Find another person who may have come alone and partner them. Put together kids of similar size/shape/ability. Even common life experiences might help, find out what school each participant goes to, what other sports they may have played, etc.

After the first few weeks and everyone is feeling comfortable with the group – it's fine to start mixing them up. Let them form their own groups/teams, etc...

Be sure to rotate instructors through the groups so that everyone gets learn from each of the instructors, some participants may identify better with an instructor's teaching style.



## **U18 LEARN TO CURL**

## **TEACHING CURRICULUM**

# **Program Overview**

Week	Off-Ice	On-Ice On-Ice
1 – Throw	52 minutes	68 minutes
Your First	Welcome	Safety
Rock	Program overview	Learn how to move on ice
	Safety	Delivery A (Balance)
	Icebreaker	Throw Your First Rock
	Equipment	Free Play
	Warm-up	1 red r lay
	Cool down	
2 – Hurry	45 minutes	1 hour 15 minutes
Hard	Introduction/Icebreaker	Practice Travelling on ice
	Warm-up	On Ice Orientation
	Safety Messages	Brushing
	2 Minute Guide to Curling	Delivery A Review/Throwing
	Cool down	Free Play
3 – 'Curling'	35 minutes	1 hour 25 minutes
is the name	Introduction	Practice Travelling on ice and Balance
of the game	Warm-up	Grips, Turns, Skip's signals
	Cool-down	Delivery B (Sequence)
	Occi down	Short Game
		Free Play
4 – "Right up	57 minutes	1 hour 3 minutes
the Stick"	Introduction	Practice Travelling on ice/Cool-down of
the ottor	Rules/Etiquette Game	sliders
	Warm-up	Line of Delivery
	• Cool-down	Reinforce Delivery A, B and C,
	Oodi-down	Brushing
		2 End Game
5 – "What	37 minutes	1 hour 23 minutes
weight do	Introduction	Practice Travelling on ice/Cool-down of
you want	Warm-up	sliders
skip?"	Cool-down	Reinforce Delivery A, B and C,
	Coor down	Brushing
		Weight Control
		2 End Game
6 – Triple the	57 minutes	1 hour 3 minutes
Fun	Introduction	Practice Travelling on ice/Cool-down of
	Intro to Strategy Discussion	sliders
	Warm-up	Reinforce Delivery A, B and C,
	Cool-down	Brushing
		Implementation of Strategy discussion
		Modified Triples game
		. 5



Week	Off-Ice	On-Ice
<u>7 – Game</u>	30 minutes	90 minutes
ON	<ul><li>Introduction</li><li>Warm-up</li><li>Cool-down</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Practice Travelling on ice/Cool-down of sliders</li> <li>Reinforce Delivery A, B and C, Brushing</li> <li>Game</li> </ul>
<u>8 – The</u>	22 minutes	93 minutes
Tournament	<ul><li>Introduction</li><li>Warm-up</li><li>Cool-down</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Practice Travelling on ice/Cool-down of sliders</li> <li>Game</li> </ul>
	Optional but recommended - Party	



# U18 Learn to Curl - Program Curriculum Week 1: Throw your first rock!

Date:Ti	me: # of Participan	ts: # of Sheets:
Head Coach/Leader:		
Assistant Coach:		
Goals/Objectives:	Welcome, Orientation, Safety,	Learn how to travel on ice, Deliver a stone
Equipment Needed:		
<ul> <li>Nametags/Ma</li> </ul>	r (optional)/Laptop rker er curler – Slip-on preferred)	<ul> <li>Delivery Stick</li> <li>Delivery Aids</li> <li>Balls/Spoons</li> <li>Umbrellas</li> <li>Helmets (participant)</li> </ul>

Time Allotted	Activities Instructor's Notes
Pre	Complete an Emergency Action Plan and Facility Safety Checklist
Session	Prepare Nametags
Activity	Gather necessary equipment
	Prepare/Select Music playlist
	Secure instructors and provide/review lesson plan
OFF ICE	
15	Introduction
minutes	1) Welcome
	2) Introduce instructors, program organizers
	3) Review locations of emergency exits, washrooms, locker rooms, etc
	4) Distribute name tags
	Review program structure:
	5) 8 weeks, two hours per session
	6) Arrive, get changed, pick up your equipment (grippers, sliders, brushes), be ready for warm-up at the "start time"
	7) Will be put into small groups, instructor assigned to each group, everyone is being taught the same lessons, instructors will rotate groups each week
	Safety
	The ice is slippery – always step onto the ice with a gripper foot
	Don't step over the rocks
	Don't slide rocks at anyone's feet



## • Use brushes only for delivery and brushing – no sword fights

- · Don't lift the rocks off the ice
- · Stop rocks from straying across sidelines
- Wait for a coach before stepping on the ice

## Other things you need to know:

- Don't lay or kneel on the ice
- Wear only clean running shoes
- Behaviour Expectations

## 10 minutes

### Ice Breaker

- Break the ice by playing a name game or get to know you icebreaker....
   Examples:
  - 1. "Name Impulse": https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w-HQDMHJLHg&t=160s
  - 2. "Group Juggling"
    - a) Have the teens stand in a circle and stretch out their arms with fingers touching so that they are not too close
    - b) Explain that you will be tossing an object to an individual while saying their name.
    - c) The teen that catches the object tosses it to someone else, saying the receiver's name.
    - d) Remind the teens to pay close attention so that they know names of people and are ready to toss the object when they receive it.
    - e) Use a ball, beanbag or other soft object for tossing Increase the speed and add objects to toss until the game gets too crazy to continue.
  - 3. Paper Airplane:
    - a) Have each person write down their name and three favourite songs/artists; make a paper airplane from it.
    - b) Line everyone up for a flying competition, once landed pick up an airplane not your own, find the owner and introduce yourself.
    - c) With your partner, introduce your partner to another pair.
    - d) If it's a small group eventually introduce your partner to the whole group.

Note: This can be used as your first group formation activity, once you have groups of 6-8 you can assign them to a curling sheet

Tip: Collect the sheets and you'll have your playlist of music for the coming weeks.

## 10 minutes

## **Equipment**

- Bring the following equipment and briefly discuss (maximum 5 minutes) the different equipment and what the new curlers should bring each week. This introduction should include:
  - Brush
  - Curling shoes or Full Slip-on/Step-on Sliders
  - · Grippers for both feet
  - Clean running shoes (Don't wear these outside!)
  - Warm loose fitting clothing (layered)
  - Mitts or gloves (grip is good)
  - Throwing aid
- Find appropriate equipment (grippers, etc...) for each participant



Activities	Reference	Instructor's Notes
		Serves as an ice
Group activity: Jump in Jump Out		breaker and a
Dumamia Strataliana		warm up activity
		Brings blood to large muscles
		large muscles
	<u>wariii-ups</u>	
,		
i) Karaoke		
Final Slide Position (off-ice)		Sport Specific
·		Stretch, provides an
		opportunity for
		preliminary
		instruction which
		will tie into on ice
		skills
	_	
Activities	Reference	Instructor's Notes
be instructed on one of the most important safety issues: how to step onto the surface in the safest manner. They should be directed to always step down with the gripper foot first. They should also be directed to not to step or jump over any rocks to get onto the ice.  The following exercise is a way for the curler to get comfortable with that:  Traveling Safely on Ice Drill: Travelling Safely on the Ice Drill objective: To become comfortable moving safely on the ice.  Setup: Each curler will need to have a slip-on slider or curling shoes to do this drill. If your program uses only step-on sliders, the drill can still be done, but explaining to curlers to shuffle along the ice while walking.  Play: 1) Have curlers grasp the broom handle approximately at the mid-point with the non-dominant hand and place the dominant hand slightly lower on the handle.  2) Place the head of the brush on the ice.  3) Place the majority of the body weight on the sliding foot. The curlers can check that the		Curlers will be using grippers on both feet for brushing. However, during the delivery they will be removing the gripper to deliver the stone. They will need to know how to safely return to a standing position and move on the ice after delivering a stone.
	Activities  Safety Before stepping down onto the ice surface, the curlers should be instructed on one of the most important safety issues: how to step onto the surface in the safest manner. They should be directed to always step down with the gripper foot first. They should also be directed to not to step or jump over any rocks to get onto the ice.  The following exercise is a way for the curler to get comfortable with that:  Traveling Safely on Ice Drill: Travelling Safely on the Ice Drill objective: To become comfortable moving safely on the ice. Setup: Each curler will need to have a slip-on slider or curling shoes to do this drill. If your program uses only step-on sliders, the drill can still be done, but explaining to curlers to shuffle along the ice while walking.  Play: 1) Have curlers grasp the broom handle approximately at the mid-point with the non-dominant hand and place the dominant hand slightly lower on the handle.  2) Place the head of the brush on the ice.  3) Place the majority of the body weight on the	Warm-up Group activity: Jump In Jump Out  Dynamic Stretches: a) Jumping Jacks b) Walking Knee Hugs c) Large Arm Circles d) Side Shuffles e) Lunges f) Squats g) Leg Swings h) Inch Worms i) Karaoke  Final Slide Position (off-ice)  Activities  Reference  Safety  Before stepping down onto the ice surface, the curlers should be instructed on one of the most important safety issues: how to step onto the surface in the safest manner. They should be directed to always step down with the gripper foot first. They should also be directed to not to step or jump over any rocks to get onto the ice. The following exercise is a way for the curler to get comfortable with that:  Traveling Safely on Ice Drill objective: To become comfortable moving safely on the ice. Setup: Each curler will need to have a slip-on slider or curling shoes to do this drill. If your program uses only step-on sliders, the drill can still be done, but explaining to curlers to shuffle along the ice while walking. Play:  1) Have curlers grasp the broom handle approximately at the mid-point with the non-dominant hand and place the dominant hand slightly lower on the handle. 2) Place the head of the brush on the ice. 3) Place the majority of the body weight on the sliding foot. The curlers can check that the sliding foot is under their centre of gravity by



## Challenge Up:

	O	and the second of the second	11 C(1
_	SEE WIND	can sline	the farthes

Allow the cur oush off of.	ers to use the side posted to small push with the gripper foot and		
ousn on ot.	slide on the sliding foot. The brush is used as an aid to balance. 5) Gradually give bigger pushes with the gripper foot and take longer slides. 6) Have the Curlers move up and down the		
	sheet until they feel comfortable.		
25 minutes	<ul> <li>Slide Position</li> <li>A. Review the Final Slide Position on the ice away from the hack. Move all the curlers to the sideboards – this is to minimize the amount of waiting around, gets everyone active at the same time, and avoids the "everyone is watching me feeling."</li> <li>B. Drill #1: Balance Drill         Objective: To obtain a "feel" for the curling slide position         Setup: Have the curlers move into the final slide position, facing the sideboards with both hands on the sideboards. The curler's back leg should be fully extended (or as extended as they are capable of).         Play:         <ol> <li>Once the curlers are comfortable in the slide position, have them lift their hands off the board 2-3 inches and find their balance point in the slide position.</li> <li>Once the curlers are comfortably balanced, have them push and pull themselves from the sideboard to get the sensation of movement on ice.</li> </ol> </li> <li>C. Drill #2: Balance Drill         Objective: To learn how it feels to move into final slide position in a controlled manner.         Setup: Have curlers face away from the side boards with their heels up against the side boards, take a step with slider foot, a step with gripper foot and squat down with sliding foot flat on ice. Brush flat on ice sideways in front of the body or Brush under the balance arm.         Play:</li></ul>	Delivery A - Club Coach – Module 6, page 8	Final Slide Position:  Sliding foot flat under centre is body  Trailing leg extended and ideally off the ice  Trailing toe flipped over of straight  Brush under the balance arm 1/3 of the way up the handle  Throwing arm extended in front of them is the ice.
	Objective: To allow curlers the chance to repeat the balance drill using the hack.  Setup: No more than eight curlers per hack. If you have enough instructors, divide group and use the hack at the opposite end of the sheet. Review how to approach the hack – from behind, placing foot high in the hack, sliding foot flat on the ice beside the hack. Instruct the curler to squat, position their balance arm, lift their hips and stretch		



Challenge Up:

- Change the depth of the spoon and the weight of the ball to see

W	no nas tne m	ost control over a slide position.	
u	leli silde	Play:	
Challeng		a) Umbrella Slide – see if curlers can slide with an	
- F	rovide curler	s a balancé open umbrella in their "rock" hand	
d	evice; turn it :	sideways tor Spoon/Rall see if the curlers can slide while	
C	urlers who ar	e still strugglingalancing a ball on a wooden spoon.	
a	cquire balanc	e.	
		5 B W #4 T D   D W	- ( ) W
		E. Drill #4: Two Rock Drill	<ul> <li>Focus of drill is</li> </ul>
		Objective: To encourage balance and allow curler to feel	balance, not
		what it likes to slide a curling rock.	grips or timing
		Set-up: Curler gets into hack from behind, place	
		sliding foot flat on ice, instructor positions two rocks in	
	8	front of them.	
	minutes	<b>Play:</b> Curler lifts hips, pushes off hack and extends	
		into final slide position, two rocks should remain touching	
		each other in front of the curler's sliding foot. Let each	
		curler repeat 3 times.	
		Caution: Curlers will be without a balance device once	
		they get up from their slide.	
		F. Drill #5: Throw your first rock	<ul> <li>Ensure every</li> </ul>
		<b>Objective</b> : Ensure every curler gets a chance to throw a	curler gets a
		rock the full length of the ice.	chance to throw
		<b>Set-up:</b> Maximum 8 curlers per hack, reinforcing	their first rock.
		safety, encourage approaching hack from behind, sliding	
	20	foot flat on ice, balance device in correct position. "Feed"	
	minutes	curlers a rock. At this point don't worry about grips, turns,	
	iiiiiutes	timing or releases.	
		<b>Play:</b> Give all curlers a chance to throw two rocks	
		each, deliver the rocks and back.	
		Caution: Move rocks that only go part way down the	
		sheet, guard the sidelines for stray rocks.	
			Free play
			is play behaviour
			that is "freely
		EDEE DLAV Mile Erec play is upstructured it decent mean	chosen, personally
	10	FREE PLAY – While Free play is unstructured it doesn't mean	directed, and
	minutes	it is unsupervised or unsafe. Instructors must still remain	intrinsically
		vigilant and on the ice during this exercise.	motivated, i.e.
			performed for no
			external goal or
			reward"



	Cool Down – Static Stretches to increase flexibility		
	a) Hamstring Stretch		
	b) Calf Stretch		
	c) Lunge Stretch		
	d) Inner Thigh Stretch		
	e) Cobra Stretch		
10	f) Quadriceps Stretch	Club Coach -	Hold each
_	g) Worship Stretch	Module 5 –	stretch for 20-
minutes	h) Chest Stretch	Warmups and	30 seconds.
(off ice)	i) Upper Back Stretch	Cool Downs	30 Seconds.
	j) Posterior Shoulder Stretch		
	k) Triceps Stretch		
	I) Forearm Stretch		
	Share any wrap up messages, reminders for the next week.		



# U18 Learn to Curl - Program Curriculum Week 2: Hurry Hard!

Date:	_Time: # of Participants: # of Sheets:
Head Coach:	
Assistant Coach:	
Goals/Objectives:	Review – Travelling on ice, Delivery A New Skills – Ice Markings/Scoring, Delivery B, Brushing
	Short Game

## Equipment Needed:

• TV and Internet equipped laptop

Nametags/Marker

• Sliders (Slip-on slider or curling shoes)

Grippers

Brushes

· Helmets (participant)

Time Allotted	Activities Reference Instructor's Notes		
Pre	Complete an Emergency Action Plan and Facility Safety Checklist		
Session	Prepare Nametags		
Activity	Gather necessary equipment		
	Prepare/Select Music playlist from the lists gathered last week		
	Secure instructors and provide/review lesson plan		
OFF ICE			
8 minutes	Introduction		
	Name tag game (if the participants are still unknown to each other)		
	<ol> <li>Ask for two volunteers to distribute the nametags – the volunteers must work together to distribute the correct nametags to the participants without help from the participants.</li> <li>With the volunteers backs turned, poll the group and see if everyone got the correct name tags, if not tell the volunteers how many people got the wrong name tags, the volunteers then have to guess which nametags are wrong and have one chance reassign them.</li> <li>If still not correct, call on two new volunteers to sort out the name tags, etc</li> </ol>		
8 minutes	Warm-up		
	• Follow the leader – designate a participant to be the Leader. You can do this in any fashion. You can play it like "Simon Says" and stand at the front of the class and lead them through a variety of movements or another fun way to play this is to have everyone start in a line right behind you. Start running around the club doing whatever you have planned. Example: agility ladder, box jumps overs, box jumps, Frankenstein's, lunges, butt kickers, high knees, etc. Tip: have a bunch of equipment – rope ladder, pylons, pool noodles, etc laying out or positioned around the club, recommend that the leader incorporate them into their "routine."		



Time			Instructor's
Allotted	Activities	Reference	Notes
12 minutes	Dynamic Stretches:  a) Jumping Jacks b) Walking Knee Hugs c) Large Arm Circles d) Side Shuffles e) Lunges f) Squats g) Leg Swings h) Inch Worms i) Karaoke	Video demos - Dynamic Warm-ups	Ensure a coach leads these stretches, as curlers might not be completely familiar with them yet.
2 minutes	Final Slide Position (off-ice)		Sport Specific Stretch, provides an opportunity for preliminary instruction which will tie into on ice skills
5 minutes	Show the two minute guide to curling.video     Review safety/behaviour expectations	Curling.ca (About Curling – Getting Started)	
ON-ICE		·	
Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Key Factors
10 minutes	Travelling on Ice Drill: Travelling Safely on the Ice Drill objective: To become comfortable moving safely on the ice. Setup: Each curler will need to have a slip-on slider or curling shoes to do this drill. If your program uses only step-on sliders, the drill can still be done, but explaining to curlers to shuffle along the ice while walking. Play: 1) Have curlers grasp the broom handle approximately at the mid-point with the non-dominant hand and place the dominant hand slightly lower on the handle.  2) Place the head of the brush on the ice.  3) Place the majority of the body weight on the sliding foot. The curlers can check that the sliding foot is under their centre of gravity by slowing lifting their gripper foot off the ice.  4) Give a small push with the gripper foot and slide on the sliding foot. The brush is used as an aid to balance.  5) Gradually give bigger pushes with the gripper foot and take longer slides.  6) Have the Curlers move up and down the sheet until they feel comfortable.  Tip: Give the curlers an objective – have them slide to the other end and back along the sidelines, or set up a "course" using cones. It is not a race.		While this drill is happening – another instructor needs to set up for the "On-ice orientation" at the far end of one sheet.  They Will need to bring two rocks of each colour  Measuring stick, 6' measure



	Lesson: On Ice Orientation		■ Try and
15 minutes	1) Gather the group at the "home end" – in a large group, quiz the curlers about the things they saw in the Two minute guide to curling video. Be sure and review:  a) Hack, Backboard b) House – 12', 8', 4', Button, pin c) Free Guard zone – and the FGZ rule d) Number of players and positions on a team e) How to determine who goes first – coin toss f) What is "Hammer"? g) Proceed to travel down the ice and point out of the ice markings including, backline, centreline, side lines, hoglines. h) Review the significance of the hogline at the playing end and at the throwing end i) Form a half moon around the house at the far end where the other instructors have brought the rocks j) Review how many ends are in a curling game, how many rocks are thrown in an end, and how it alternates between teams, but each team member throws twice. k) Designate two curlers to be Thirds, explain the role of the Thirds and the responsibilities of the other players at the completion of an end. l) Using different "thirds" for each scenario set up a variety of end "finishes" to demonstrate the scoring, and how to mark them on a scoreboard. Be sure to review:  • Multiple points by one team • Rocks of different colours in the house • Rocks requiring a measure • Rocks which are questionably on the rings during the FGZ – 6' measure use – when, where, how • Blank end • How to mark each score on the scoreboard.  That's enough talking – Let's Brush!	Club Coach – Module 2 – Orientation, Rules and Etiquette	information from the participants during this session vs. you talking.  Instructor Tip: Make sure you set up this Lesson in an area where you can easily be heard (i.e. Not right under the dehumidifier).  Be sure all participants are in a position to hear you (in front of you).
10 minutes	Brushing Drill #1 Drill: Introduce Brushing Drill objective: Introduce the concept of Brushing Setup: Have curlers put grippers on both shoes, with their brooms in hand have curlers line up on either side of a sheet on the sidelines Play:  Using instructors to demonstrate to first demonstrate the skill.  Have one instructor on either side of the centre line (ideally on the four foot line) – have the curlers follow one of the two instructors.  The curler's feet should be parallel to the centreline pointing in the direction they want to travel.	Club Coach – Module 7 - Brushing	Be flexible in teaching the Brushing, some curlers will come to the sport from hockey or baseball with skills that make some brushing positions feel unnatural or ineffective.



	<ul> <li>Explain to the curlers that the arm closest to the centre line will be the arm that is lowest on the broom, holding it approximately 1/3 of the way up the handle, the other hand is 1/3 of the way from the top of the handle, across the curler's body.</li> <li>Tip: Tell the curlers to hold the broom like they would hold a hockey stick).</li> <li>Once the curlers are holding the broom correctly, have all curlers face the far end of the sheet and "tip over" i.e. bend at the waist and put the broom head on the ice. This is the "open" Brushing position that will allow the curlers to face in the direction they are walking.</li> <li>Instruct the curlers to begin shuffling in a "cross-country ski" motion down the ice, moving the broom back and forth in a Brushing motion.</li> <li>Once the curlers brush the entire length of the sheet, simply stay in the same lines but turn around and face the other end of the sheet. Remind the curlers that the arm closest to the centreline becomes the arm lowest on the broom and repeat the skill back to the other end.</li> <li>Note: Some curlers will feel more comfortable in a "closed" position with their leading arm down lowest on the broom, this is completely acceptable, and instructors should be prepared to explain that the footwork for the "closed" position is a side step and not a "cross-over."</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Safety and FUN are the priorities vs. effectiveness.</li> <li>Remind curlers they only have to scrub about 6" across the path of the stone</li> </ul>
15 minutes	<ul> <li>Brushing Drill #2</li> <li>Drill: Brush a stone</li> <li>Drill objective: Introduce the concept of Brushing a travelling stone</li> <li>Setup: Group Curlers into pairs. Have one person push a stone at a realistic speed while the other Curler practices brushing.</li> <li>Play:         <ul> <li>Each Curler should get a chance to brush on both sides of the stone and to push the stone for their partner.</li> <li>Next, group the Curlers into groups of three. Have each Curler brush on both sides and push the stone to become accustomed to brushing with a partner.</li> <li>Repeat the drill having a Curler throw the stone. This helps the brushers get a feel of traveling forward with the stone and merging to brush with a partner.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Club Coach – Module 7 – Brushing – page 6	Instructor's Tip: For the partner pushing the stone, it is much easier to control the stone if the handle is turned sideways and the "pusher" places their brush head on the rock handle.
15 minutes	Brushing Drill #3/Throwing Review Drill: Throw and sweep Drill Objective: Teach sweepers how to "merge" into sweeping a stone that is thrown. Drill:  - Quickly review last week's lesson of how to get in the hack, position body in the Set-up, elevate hips, slide and release  - Two curlers brush each stone  - Make sure everyone gets a chance to throw twice, and sweep once on each side of the stone.		- Remind sweepers to stand to the side of the sheet while the thrower is going getting ready to throw, between the T-line and the Hogline.



	Don't forget to encourage sweeping by yelling "Hurry Hard."		When the thrower starts to move forward, the sweeper should start to move forward.  The sweepers merge in closer to the rock to sweep after the thrower has released the stone.
10 minutes	FREE PLAY – While Free play is unstructured it doesn't mean it is unsupervised or unsafe. Instructors must still remain vigilant and on the ice during this exercise.		Free play is <b>play</b> behaviour that is "freely chosen, personally directed, and intrinsically motivated, i.e. performed for no external goal or reward".
10 minutes (off ice)	Cool Down – Static Stretches to increase flexibility  m) Hamstring Stretch n) Calf Stretch o) Lunge Stretch p) Inner Thigh Stretch q) Cobra Stretch r) Quadriceps Stretch s) Worship Stretch t) Chest Stretch u) Upper Back Stretch v) Posterior Shoulder Stretch w) Triceps Stretch x) Forearm Stretch Share any wrap up messages, reminders for the next week.	Club Coach – Module 5 - Warmups and Cool Downs	Hold each stretch for 20-30 seconds



# U18 Learn to Curl - Program Curriculum Week 3: 'Curling' is the Name of the Game

Date:	Time:	# of Participants:	# of Sheets:
Head Coach:			
Assistant Coach:			
Goals/Objectives:		elling on ice, Delivery A, B elivery B (Sequence), Grip	•

## **Equipment Needed:**

- Nametags/Marker
- Sliders (Slip-on slider or curling shoes)
- Grippers
- Brushes

- Helmets (participant)
- Spoons and Balls
- Bungee Cords

Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Instructor's Notes	
Pre	Complete an Emergency Action Plan and Facility Safety Checklist			
Session	Prepare Nametags			
Activity	Gather necessary equipment			
	Prepare/Select Music playlist			
	Secure instructors and provide/review lesson plan			
OFF ICE	OFF ICE			
3 minutes	Introduction			
	• By now you should be familiar with everyone's names, but it's still a good idea for you to provide nametags to participants.			
	Review plans for the session			
8 minutes	Warm-up			
	<b>Everybody is it!</b> In order to prepare for the game, you need to map out a small space relative to			
	the amount of athletes about to play and make everything outside of that space into lava. Once the			
	game begins, then everyone is it! If you are tagged by anyone t	hen you have to	o drop and do 2	
	burpees to get back in the game.			

Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Instructor's Notes
11	Dynamic Stretches:	Video demos	Ensure a coach
minutes	j) Jumping Jacks	- Dynamic	leads these
	k) Walking Knee Hugs	Warm-ups	stretches, as
	I) Large Arm Circles		curlers might not



	m) Side Shuffles		be completely
	n) Lunges		familiar with them
	o) Squats		yet.
	p) Leg Swings		
	q) Inch Worms		
	r) Karaoke		
2 minutes	Final Slide Position (off-ice)		Sport Specific Stretch, provides an opportunity for preliminary
			instruction which will tie into on ice skills
1 minute	Review safety/behaviour expectations		
	Outline plan for the day's session		
ON-ICE			
Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Key Factors
	Travelling on Ice		
	By now the curlers should be getting more comfortable on ice, but continue to build this into the program, by having the curlers travel down the sidelines and back at the beginning of each sessions. It reinforces how to travel on ice and cools down feet, grippers and sliders.  Drill: Travelling Safely on the Ice  Drill objective: To become comfortable moving safely on the ice.		
5 minutes	Setup: Each curler will need to have a slip-on slider or curling shoes to do this drill. If your program uses only step-on sliders, the drill can still be done, but explaining to curlers to shuffle along the ice while walking.  Play:  1) Have curlers grasp the broom handle approximately at the mid-point with the non-dominant hand and place the dominant hand slightly lower on the handle.  2) Place the head of the brush on the ice.  3) Place the majority of the body weight on the sliding foot. The curlers can check that the sliding foot is under their centre of gravity by slowing lifting their gripper foot off the ice.  4) Give a small push with the gripper foot and slide on the sliding foot. The brush is used as an aid to balance.  5) Gradually give bigger pushes with the gripper foot and take longer slides.  6) Have the Curlers move up and down the sheet until they feel comfortable.		Tip: Give the curlers an objective – have them slide to the other end and back along the sidelines, or set up a "course" using cones. It is not a race.
	Lesson: Grips and Turns		Grip the stone
20 minutes	The instructor should explain the following to the curlers. Each instructor can do this in a large group or individually with a small group.	Club Coach  - Module 6 -  Curling  Delivery -  Page 15	in the middle  – just back from the gooseneck of the handle



Why Does a Rock Curl? Instructors should explain why a rock curls. Rocks curl because of the pebble on the ice. The small bumps on the ice allow a rock to "bend" or "curl" as it moves down the ice. A curling rock will not move the same way on a completely flat sheet of ice.

**Turns**: curlers want to direct a rock and force the rock to "curl" in the right direction. To do this, curlers turn the rock in the direction they want it to travel. Have a discussion about skip's signals.

**Grips:** Review how the stone is gripped, focus more on the turns, than the intricacies of the grip – remember this is only a Learn to Curl program.



Drill #1: Partner throw

Drill Objective: Let all curlers try the grips, turns and

releases in a controlled manner

**Setup:** Position the Curlers in two rows, facing each other.

Provide a stone for Curlers on one sideline.

### Play

- a) Curlers assume the stance and grip the stone.
- b) Signal for desired turn given by partner.
- c) Adjust the handle for a turn.
- d) Perform the pull back and slide the stone forward rotating the handle to the handshake position sliding the stone to the partner.
- e) Repeat the drill with both turns and each partner taking a turn as the thrower and the skip.

While the Curlers are performing the drill, the Instructor will focus on:

### Grip:

- Side of the thumb on side of handle
- Forefinger close to the gooseneck
- Fingers close together
- · Wrist high, palm off the handle

## Turn:

- Handle counter-rotated 60 degrees in the stance
- Handle released at 12:00 o'clock

- Try to keep your wrist high
- Equal pressure between thumb and index finger
- Thumb on the side of the handle
- Try not to lean on the rock
- Point the gooseneck of the handle towards the skip's "open hand" at either the 10 o'clock or 2 o'clock position
- Keep it there through the whole delivery
- Turn the handle to 12 o'clock just as you're letting go
- Use the terms Clockwise and Counter Clockwise vs. In-turns and out-turns



	Lesson: Delivery B		
30 Minutes	This lesson adds the pullback and forward motion to the delivery. This component teaches the sequencing (timing) and weight transfers necessary to perform the whole skill, and the curler's ability to generate both body speed and rock speed.  1) Review the Final Slide Position, approach of the hack and Delivery A – "Stance" position 2) With a stone, demonstrate Hip Elevation, pullback, forward motion. Focus in on the sequence of each of these movements  a) Hips Up b) Rock back, Foot Back c) Stop d) Rock forward, Foot Forward e) Slide 3) Repeat the demonstration without a rock.  Drill #1: Sequence Drill objective: Reinforce sequence of movement in a large group.  Setup: Each curler will need to have a strap-on slider or curling shoes to do this drill. Each curler will need their balance device. Curlers should be positioned in a half-moon around the instructor, in a standing position.  Play: a) Position feet as in the stance. b) Position balance arm as if in stance. c) Position throwing arm in front holding an imaginary stone. d) From this standing position Curlers perform the following sequence while repeating the cadence aloud: Hips up - Rock back - Foot back - Stop - Rock forward - Foot forward - Slide	Club Coach – Module 6 – Curling Delivery – page 6-14	- Forward Press is optional - Elevating hips before moving sliding foot, encourages more balance - be sure to keep back flat and head in the same position - In the pull back position, the sliding foot should be flat, and the toe of the sliding foot should be as far back as the heel of the hack foot. Both legs should be bent (approximatel y 90 ) - Encourage the rock to be pulled back straight and move forward straight.





Drill #2: Sequence

Drill objective: Reinforce sequence of movement in a large

group.

**Setup:** NO ROCKS. Each curler will need to have a slip-on slider or curling shoes to do this drill. Each curler will need their balance device. Move curlers to the sideboards. **Play:** 

a) Instruct Curlers to spread out along the side boards.

b) Assume the correct stance position.

c) As the Instructor calls out the cadence (rock back, foot back, stop, rock forward, foot forward, slide), the Curlers practice the motion as a group.



d) Move to the hacks, repeat the drill without rocks, when everyone has had a chance to do the drill several times without a rock, add a rock.

## Add some fun

- Bungee Cords Reinforce sequencing skills by using a bungee cord – wrapped around throwing arm and hooked to the laces of the sliding foot
- Spoons and Balls Bring out the spoons and balls again
  to test the balance and control of the curlers now that
  they've added movement to their delivery. Challenge Up –
  give the curlers spoons to hold in both hands (i.e. In place
  of a balance device).
- Righty/Lefty have a right-hander and a left-hander in your group? – have a sliding competition, let them slide out of the hack at the same time, see who goes further, keeps their balance longer, etc...



15 Minutes	Short Game – Modified – this game is played from the hogline in vs. the hack. Rules: Curler must keep one foot on the intersection of the centreline and the hogline when throwing.  Setup: Divide the group into two teams, move the stones to the near hogline, all curlers should be wearing double grippers. The team can have a skip to reinforce skip's signals. No sweeping for this game.  Play:  a) Rock, Paper, Scissors determines last rock advantage b) Teams must designate who will play what position and throw in the appropriate order.  c) Play two ends.		
15 minutes	FREE PLAY – While Free play is unstructured it doesn't mean it is unsupervised or unsafe. Instructors must still remain vigilant and on the ice during this exercise.		Free play is <b>play</b> behaviour that is "freely chosen, personally directed, and intrinsically motivated, i.e. performed for no external goal or reward".
10 minutes (off ice)	Cool Down – Static Stretches to increase flexibility  a) Hamstring Stretch b) Calf Stretch c) Lunge Stretch d) Inner Thigh Stretch e) Cobra Stretch f) Quadriceps Stretch g) Worship Stretch h) Chest Stretch i) Upper Back Stretch j) Posterior Shoulder Stretch k) Triceps Stretch l) Forearm Stretch Share any wrap up messages, reminders for the next week.	Club Coach – Module 5 - Warmups and Cool Downs	Hold each stretch for 20-30 seconds



# U18 Learn to Curl - Program Curriculum Week 4: "Right up the Stick"

Date:	me: # of Participants: # of Sheets:
Head Coach:	
Assistant Coach:	
Goals/Objectives:	Review – Travelling on ice, Delivery A, Brushing, Delivery B, Grips/Turns/Releases New Skills – Line of Delivery, Etiquette Game

## **Equipment Needed:**

- Nametags/Marker
- Sliders (Slip-on slider or curling shoes)
- Grippers
- Brushes
- Helmets (participant)

- Yarn
- Cones
- Plastic cups
- Laptop/Projector/TV

Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Instructor's Notes		
Pre	Complete an Emergency Action Plan and Facility Safety Checklist				
Session	Prepare Nametags				
Activity	Gather necessary equipment				
	Prepare/Select Music playlist				
	Secure instructors and provide/review lesson plan				
OFF ICE					
25	Introduction and Rules/Etiquette Game				
minutes	Welcome and review plans for the session				
	• Curling Jeopardy Powerpoint – It's in the Jeopardy template, but answers do not have to be in the form of a question – it's more like a quiz. Divide the group into three teams – first team to raise their hand gets first shot at answering, etc				
8 minutes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Funnel Tag - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wU0ZgIVROH8				



Time			Instructor's
Allotted	Activities	Reference	Notes
11 minutes	Dynamic Stretches:  s) Jumping Jacks t) Walking Knee Hugs u) Large Arm Circles v) Side Shuffles w) Lunges x) Squats y) Leg Swings z) Inch Worms aa) Karaoke	Video demos - Dynamic Warm-ups	By now the participants should be getting familiar with these warm-ups, ask for a volunteer participant to lead the group. Is one person feeling shy? Have two people lead the group!
2 minutes	Final Slide Position (off-ice)		group! Sport Specific Stretch, provides an opportunity for preliminary instruction which will tie into on ice skills
1 minute	<ul><li>Review safety/behaviour expectations</li><li>Outline plan for the day's session</li></ul>		
ON-ICE			
Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Key Factors
3 minutes	Travelling on Ice By now the curlers should be getting more comfortable on ice, but continue to build this into the program, by having the curlers travel down the sidelines and back at the beginning of each sessions. It reinforces how to travel on ice and cools down feet, grippers and sliders.  Drill: Travelling Safely on the Ice Drill objective: To become comfortable moving safely on the ice.  Setup: Each curler will need to have a slip-on slider or curling shoes to do this drill. If your program uses only step-on sliders, the drill can still be done, but explaining to curlers to shuffle along the ice while walking.  Play: 1) Have curlers grasp the broom handle approximately at the mid-point with the nondominant hand and place the dominant hand slightly lower on the handle.  2) Place the head of the brush on the ice.  3) Place the majority of the body weight on the sliding foot. The curlers can check that the sliding foot is under their centre of gravity by slowing lifting their gripper foot off the ice.  4) Give a small push with the gripper foot and		Tip: Give the curlers an objective – have them slide to the other end and back along the sidelines, or set up a "course" using cones. It is not a race.



	nı a nı a . —		Г
	slide on the sliding foot. The brush is used as an aid to balance. 5) Gradually give bigger pushes with the gripper foot and take longer slides. 6) Have the Curlers move up and down the sheet until they feel comfortable.		Line of Delivery
30 minutes	Line of Delivery Line of delivery is the concept that describes "hitting the broom". New curlers will gravitate to sliding straight down the centre line. This lesson will teach new curlers to slide on a different line, away from the centre line. Instructors should emphasize that curlers need to "ignore the centre line" and draw an imaginary line from the toe of their hack foot to the skip's broom.  The instruction on line of delivery has two components: Body alignment & Stone alignment Teaching Line of Delivery is a very difficult concept. A good way to visually show curlers the line of delivery is as follows:  1) Place a rock in front of the left hack at one end and have an instructor hold a broom at the other end, acting as the skip. Using a piece of coloured string or yarn the length of the sheet, attach one end of the string to the rock in the hack and the end of the string to the skips broom (the string will run the entire length of the sheet).  2) The string demonstrates the line a rock will travel on as it moves down the sheet. At some point, the rock will "break" this line and start to curl.  3) Holding the string above the head of a demonstrator, have the demonstrator deliver a stone aiming for the skip's broom, show curlers how the stone curls away from the Line of Delivery. The point at which the stone moves is called the "Breaking point."  Drill: "Strike the Cups"  Drill: "Strike the Cups"  Drill objective: The curler should "strike the cups" with their sliding foot. Sliding foot should be under middle of chest and curler should be balanced.  Setup: Position four plastic cups along line of delivery from T-line to hogline  Play: Curler pushes out of the hack without a rock; sliding foot should strike each cup.  Drill: Tunnel Slide  Drill objective: Slide along line of delivery through a tunnel of cones with a balanced delivery.  From the hack to the broom just past the throwing hogline, place six cones along two imaginary lines about two feet apart. Between the two imaginary lines, one person holds t	Club Coach – Module 6 – Curling Delivery – Page 19	Line of Delivery Key teaching Factors:  - Instruct curlers to approach hack from behind - Point hack toe, knee and thigh at the skip's brush - Shoulders and hips square - Sliding foot parallel to the line - Stone placed in front of hack foot - Rock pulled back STRAIGHT in pull back - Rock moves forward STRAIGHT in Forward motion - Rock is extended upon the Line of delivery - Release is "towards" the skip's brush in a handshake position.



	Play:	Player slides towards the broom, along the target broom, between the tunnel of cones.		
	Drill: Drill objective:	Tunnel Slide with a Stone To deliver a stone through a tunnel of cones at		
	Setup:	a target with a balanced delivery. From the hack to the broom just past the throwing hogline, place six cones along two imaginary lines about two feet apart. Between the two imaginary lines, one person holds the broom as the target.		
	Play:	Player delivers the stone, aiming at the broom, sliding through the tunnel of cones.		
	rock.	"Instant Feedback" To deliver a stone at the centre of a target		
	Setup:	One target curling rock positioned 10 feet beyond the hog line. One person holds the broom in the centre of the target rock. Player delivers the rock aiming at the broom. If the release and line of delivery is good, the target rock with be directed straight down the sheet. THIS DRILL SHOULD BE DONE WITH DRAW WEIGHT ONLY.		
30 Minutes	b) Rock, F c) Teams throw in	the group into two teams. Paper, Scissors determines last rock advantage must designate who will play what position and in the appropriate order.		Curlers should now be equipped with enough information to play a two end game.
10 minutes (off ice)	Cool Down - S  m) Ha n) Ca o) Lur p) Inn q) Co r) Qu s) Wo t) Ch u) Up v) Po: w) Trice	static Stretches to increase flexibility mstring Stretch If Stretch nge Stretch er Thigh Stretch bra Stretch adriceps Stretch orship Stretch est Stretch per Back Stretch sterior Shoulder Stretch ceps Stretch rearm Stretch	Club Coach – Module 5 - Warmups and Cool Downs	Hold each stretch for 20-30 seconds
	Share any wra week.	p up messages, reminders for the next		



# U18 Learn to Curl - Program Curriculum Week 5: "What weight do you want skip?"

Date:	_Time:	# of Participants:	# of Sheets:	
Head Coach:				
Assistant Coach:				
Goals/Objectives:	Review – Trav New Skills – W Game		Delivery B, Delivery C, Brushin	g

## Equipment Needed:

• Sliders (Slip-on slider or curling shoes)

Helmets (participant)

- Grippers
- Brushes

Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Instructor's Notes			
Pre	• Complete an Emergency Action Plan and Faci	ity Safety Checklist				
Session	Prepare Nametags					
Activity	Gather necessary equipment					
	Prepare/Select Music playlist					
	Secure instructors and provide/review lesson plan					
OFF ICE						
5 minutes	Introduction					
	Welcome					
8 minutes	Warm-up					
	"Pick up Sticks" – Watch this video - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5i-7hCXB09g					
	- For you to execute this game, use the curler's brooms in place of the white sticks. Assign the					
	people who are eliminated at warm-up activity for t	hem to do – you'll see in the	e video they're doing			
	burpees followed by a wall sit.					



Time			Instructor's
Allotted	Activities	Reference	Notes
11 minutes	Dynamic Stretches:  a) Jumping Jacks b) Walking Knee Hugs c) Large Arm Circles d) Side Shuffles e) Lunges f) Squats g) Leg Swings h) Inch Worms i) Karaoke	Video demos - Dynamic Warm-ups	By now the participants should be getting familiar with these warm-ups, ask for a volunteer participant to lead the group.
2 minutes	Final Slide Position (off-ice)		Sport Specific Stretch, provides an opportunity for preliminary instruction which will tie into on ice skills
1 minute ON-ICE	Review safety/behaviour expectations		
Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Key Factors
3 minutes	By now the curlers should be getting more comfortable on ice, but continue to build this into the program, by having the curlers travel down the sidelines and back at the beginning of each sessions. It reinforces how to travel on ice and cools down feet, grippers and sliders.  Drill: Travelling Safely on the Ice Drill objective: To become comfortable moving safely on the ice.  Setup: Each curler will need to have a slip-on slider or curling shoes to do this drill. If your program uses only step-on sliders, the drill can still be done, but explaining to curlers to shuffle along the ice while walking.  Play: 1) Have curlers grasp the broom handle approximately at the mid-point with the nondominant hand and place the dominant hand slightly lower on the handle.  2) Place the head of the brush on the ice.  3) Place the majority of the body weight on the sliding foot. The curlers can check that the sliding foot is under their centre of gravity by slowing lifting their gripper foot off the ice.  4) Give a small push with the gripper foot and slide on the sliding foot. The brush is used as an aid to balance.		Tip: Give the curlers an objective – have them slide to the other end and back along the sidelines, or set up a "course" using cones. It is not a race.



	5) Gradually give bigger pushes with the		
	gripper foot and take longer slides.		
	6) Have the Curlers move up and down the		
	sheet until they feel comfortable.		
	Explain to the curlers that they should clean their rock before every shot so their rock does not "pick" on a piece of debris. The instructors should demonstrate:		
5 minutes	<ul> <li>how to flip the rock up at the hack (in front of the hack, or flipping back between the hacks)</li> <li>clean the running surface with the hand</li> <li>wipe the area under the rock (either with the hand or broom)</li> <li>place the rock back down on the ice</li> </ul>	Club Coach - Module 6 - pg. 13	
	Encourage the curlers to get into the habit of cleaning their rock before their shots.		
10 minutes	Lesson - Weight Control  Discuss the types of curling shots there are highlighting the major difference between them is the amount of weight/rock speed.  • Draw • Takeout • Guard • Freeze • Bump  Discuss how the skip would signal each of the above shots.  Discuss the ways for beginners to throw more weight: • Do not lift hips too high in the "pull back" – the angle of the hack leg produces more power • Place hack foot higher in the hack – think of the hack as "starting blocks" in track and field • Release the stone sooner • Kick harder out of the hack	Club Coach - Module 6 - page 21-23	Try and keep this discussion simple and succinct. Weight control is best learned by "doing."
15 minutes	Weight Control Drills  Drill: "Calling the Pocket"  Drill objective: Curler declares what area of the ice they are attempting to draw the rock too. Sweeper must be aware of the curler's choice and will help the person meet that goal.  Setup: In partners, curler chooses one of four zones (Zone 1 = top half of FGZ, Zone 2 = back half of FGZ, Zone 3 = Top half of house, Zone 4 =		



	Play: Player delivers the rock, sweeper sweeps and they try to get the rock to the zone the thrower was targeting.		
	Make it a Game: Award a point for each time the intended zone is reached – Set a goal – i.e. first pair of curlers to achieve 5 points wins!		
15 minutes	Drill: "Up and Down"  Drill objective: Have curlers make weight adjustment from takeout to draw weight.  Setup: Curlers are grouped in teams of four. Each curler will throw two stones. First stone will be a takeout (Set up three target stones for the hit on one side of the sheet, leave the other side of the sheet open for draws)  Play: Curler throws a takeout (removed stones are replaced for the next curler) with sweepers and a skip, then the curler attempts to throw a draw on the other side of the sheet. Each member of the team rotates through  Make it a Game: Award a point for each time the intended shot is made – Set a goal – i.e. first team of		
30 minutes	curlers to achieve 5 points wins!  2 End Game Setup:  a) Divide the group into two teams. b) Rock, Paper, Scissors determines last rock advantage c) Teams must designate who will play what position and throw in the appropriate order.		Curlers should now be equipped with enough information to play a two end game.
10 minutes (off ice)	Play: Play two ends.  Cool Down – Static Stretches to increase flexibility  a) Hamstring Stretch b) Calf Stretch c) Lunge Stretch d) Inner Thigh Stretch e) Cobra Stretch f) Quadriceps Stretch g) Worship Stretch h) Chest Stretch i) Upper Back Stretch j) Posterior Shoulder Stretch k) Triceps Stretch l) Forearm Stretch Share any wrap up messages, reminders for the next week.	Club Coach – Module 5 - Warmups and Cool Downs	Hold each stretch for 20-30 seconds



## **U18 Learn to Curl - Program Curriculum**

## Week 6: Triple the Fun!

Date:	_Time:	# of Participants:	# of Sheets:	
Head Coach:				
Assistant Coach:				
Goals/Objectives:		Veight Judgement, Line Ca gy	Delivery B, Delivery C, Brushing, Weight Contro alling, Positional Roles and Responsibilities	lc

## Equipment Needed:

- Sliders (Slip-on slider or curling shoes)
- Grippers
- Brushes
- Helmets (participant)

- Cones (for warm-up game "Snatch")
- Intro to Strategy Powerpoint
- Strategy Board

Time Allotted		Activities	Reference	Instructor's Notes			
Pre	•	Complete an Emergency Action Plan and Facility Safety Che	ecklist				
Session	•	Prepare Nametags					
Activity	•	Gather necessary equipment					
	•	Prepare/Select Music playlist					
	•	Secure instructors and provide/review lesson plan					
OFF ICE							
2 minutes	Int	roduction					
	•	Welcome					
25	Int	ro to Strategy – Resource – Intro to Strategy Powerpoint					
minutes	•	Group Discussion					
	Du	ring the basic strategy session, the following topics would be	discussed:				
	a.	Strength and weaknesses					
	b.	Styles of play					
	C.	3					
		d. Scoring concepts					
	e.	Tolerance					
	f.	Strategies when ahead on the scoreboard					
	g.	Strategies when behind on the scoreboard					



## Strength and Weakness

Curlers are asked to identify their strength and weaknesses in the areas of sweeping ability, sweeping judgement, takeout ability, draw ability and finesse shot (freezes, tap back, and raise takeout) ability would be discussed. [Note: ask curlers what they "like" to do?]

## Styles of Play

The discussion on strengths and weaknesses would be a lead into the discussion on styles of play. Instructors can explain that teams should be identified as having one of the following styles of play:

Offensive – characterized as aggressive; lots of rocks in play; typically employs the use of guards, raises, freezes and come-around shots

Defensive – characterized as conservative; open; few rocks in play; takeout game Balanced – can play the offensive and defensive styles of play

Instructor should explain that teams that are not strong hitters, should not adopt a defensive style of play.

## Factors Influencing Shot Selection

F - Free Guard Zone

E – End being played

S - Score

R – Last Rock Advantage

A – Ability of own team and opponents

I – Ice Conditions

N - Number of rocks remaining in end

## **Scoring Concepts**

Discuss strategy with last rock.

Goal is to score two or more

Offense

Use of the corner guards

Use of sides of sheet and keep four foot path clear

### Discuss strategy without last rock.

Goal is to steal points or hold opposition to one point

Defence

Use of centreline guards

Play towards the centre of the sheet and block path to four foot

## **Tolerance**

When you think about the tolerance for a called shot, you are thinking about what are the possible results of the shot. Both the skip and the thrower should be thinking of the tolerance. Discuss tolerance for different situations. For example:

- a. The tolerance for a called guard may be a long guard or a draw into the rings.
- b. The tolerance for taking out a partial guarded rock may be to remove the guard.

Strategies When Ahead on the Scoreboard: Key points to this discussion would be:

- a. Usually a takeout game
- b. Try to minimize the number of rocks in play
- c. Try to minimize the guards



	1 6/ / 1 14/1				
		en Behind on the Scoreboard			
	a. More of a draw game				
	b. Tendency is to have more rocks in play				
		y need guards to score multiple point ends			
		$\gamma$ in the game, do not try to get all the points back $\gamma$	at once		
8 minutes	Warm-up				
		Watch this video - <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch">https://www.youtube.com/watch</a>			
	<ul> <li>Not warme</li> </ul>	ed up enough? Follow this up with jumping jacks	or running on the	e spot.	
Time Allotted		Activities	Reference	Instructor's Notes	
10	Dynamic Stre	tches:	Video demos	By now the	
minutes	a) Jumpii	ng Jacks	- Dynamic	participants	
	b) Walkin	g Knee Hugs	Warm-ups	should be getting	
	c) Large	Arm Circles	·	familiar with these	
	d) Side S	huffles		warm-ups, ask for	
	e) Lunge	s		a volunteer	
	f) Squate	3		participant to lead	
	g) Leg Sv	vings		the group.	
	h) Inch W				
	i) Karaol	«e			
1 minute	Final Slide Po	sition (off-ice)		Sport Specific	
		,		Stretch, provides	
				an opportunity for	
				preliminary	
				instruction which	
				will tie into on ice	
				skills	
1 minute	Review sa	fety/behaviour expectations			
ON-ICE					
Time		Activities	Reference	Key Factors	
Allotted			Reference	ricy ractors	
	Travelling on	Ice			
		e curlers should be getting more comfortable on			
		ntinue to build this into the program, by having			
	the curlers	travel down the sidelines and back at the			
	beginning	of each sessions. It reinforces how to travel on		Tip: Give the	
	ice and co	ols down feet, grippers and sliders.		curlers an	
	Drill:	Travelling Safely on the Ice		objective – have	
	Drill objective	: To become comfortable moving safely on the		them slide to the	
		ice.		other end and	
3 minutes	Setup:	Each curler will need to have a slip-on slider or		back along the	
Jimidles		curling shoes to do this drill. If your program		sidelines, or set	
		uses only step-on sliders, the drill can still be		up a "course"	
		done, but explaining to curlers to shuffle along		using cones. It is	
		the ice while walking.		not a race.	
	Play:	1) Have curlers grasp the broom handle		ווטנ מ ומטכ.	
		approximately at the mid-point with the non-			
		dominant hand and place the dominant hand			
		slightly lower on the handle.			
		2) Place the head of the brush on the ice.			
		<ul><li>2) Place the head of the brush on the ice.</li><li>3) Place the majority of the body weight on the</li></ul>			



	Share any week.	wrap up messages, reminders for the next		
10 minutes (off ice)	a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) k)	- Static Stretches to increase flexibility Hamstring Stretch Calf Stretch Lunge Stretch Inner Thigh Stretch Cobra Stretch Quadriceps Stretch Worship Stretch Chest Stretch Upper Back Stretch Posterior Shoulder Stretch Triceps Stretch Forearm Stretch	Club Coach – Module 5 - Warmups and Cool Downs	Hold each stretch for 20-30 seconds
60 minutes	Drill: Modi			There should be two coaches per sheet to assist with this drill, one to help the new skips, the other to assist throwers and sweeper with their positional roles and responsibilities.
		sliding foot. The curlers can check that the sliding foot is under their centre of gravity by slowing lifting their gripper foot off the ice. 4) Give a small push with the gripper foot and slide on the sliding foot. The brush is used as an aid to balance. 5) Gradually give bigger pushes with the gripper foot and take longer slides. 6) Have the Curlers move up and down the sheet until they feel comfortable.		



## **U18 Learn to Curl - Program Curriculum**

## Week 7: Game ON!

Date:	Time:	# of Participants:	# of Sheets:
Head Coach:			
Assistant Coach:			
Goals/Objectives:			livery B, Delivery C, Brushing, Weight Control, al Roles and Responsibilities, Strategy
Equipment Needed:			

• Sliders (Slip-on slider or curling shoes)

Cones (for warm-up game)Helmets (participant)

- Grippers
- Brushes

Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Instructor's Notes		
Pre	Complete an Emergency Action Plan and Facility Safety Checklist				
Session	Prepare Nametags				
Activity	Gather necessary equipment				
	Prepare/Select Music playlist				
	Secure instructors and provide/review lesson plan				
OFF ICE					
2 minutes	Introduction				
	Welcome				
8 minutes	Warm-up				
	"The Cone Game" – Watch this video - <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iTmzuki4bQM&amp;t=145s">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iTmzuki4bQM&amp;t=145s</a>				
10	Dynamic Stretches:	Video demos			
minutes	j) Jumping Jacks	<ul> <li>Dynamic</li> </ul>			
	k) Walking Knee Hugs	Warm-ups	familiar with these		
	I) Large Arm Circles		warm-ups, ask for		
	m) Side Shuffles		a volunteer		
	n) Lunges		participant to lead		
	o) Squats		the group.		
	p) Leg Swings				
	q) Inch Worms				
	r) Karaoke				



1 minute	Final Slide Position (off-ice)  • Review safety/behaviour expectations		Sport Specific Stretch, provides an opportunity for preliminary instruction which will tie into on ice skills			
ON-ICE						
Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Key Factors			
3 minutes	By now the curlers should be getting more comfortable on ice, but continue to build this into the program, by having the curlers travel down the sidelines and back at the beginning of each sessions. It reinforces how to travel on ice and cools down feet, grippers and sliders.		This has now become a routine part of their warm-up.			
90 minutes	6 End Game Setup:  a) Form teams of four. b) Rock, Paper, Scissors determines last rock advantage c) Teams must designate who will play what position and throw in the appropriate order. Play: Play six ends with instructors present on ice and helping with strategy and game procedures.		Coaches should be at both ends to help with strategy and game procedures.			
5 minutes (off ice)	Cool Down – Static Stretches to increase flexibility  a) Hamstring Stretch b) Calf Stretch c) Lunge Stretch d) Inner Thigh Stretch e) Cobra Stretch f) Quadriceps Stretch g) Worship Stretch h) Chest Stretch i) Upper Back Stretch j) Posterior Shoulder Stretch k) Triceps Stretch l) Forearm Stretch Share any wrap up messages, reminders for the next week (i.e. Longer session due to after curling party).	Club Coach - Module 5 - Warmups and Cool Downs	Hold each stretch for 20-30 seconds			



#### **U18 Learn to Curl - Program Curriculum**

#### Week 8: The Tournament!

Date:	Time: #	of Participants:	# of Sheets:
Head Coach:			
Assistant Coach:			
Goals/Objectives:	Fun Competition Celebration of Lea	rning	

#### Equipment Needed:

- Sliders (Slip-on or curling shoes)
- Grippers
- Brushes

- Helmets (participant)
  - Drawsheet

Potential Risk Factors: Injury Due to Fall, Repetitive Use Injury

Time Allotted	Activities	Reference	Instructor's Notes			
Pre	Complete an Emergency Action Plan and Facility Safety Checklist					
Session	Prepare Nametags					
Activity	Gather necessary equipment					
	Prepare/Select Music playlist					
	Secure instructors and provide/review lesson plan					
OFF ICE						
2 minutes	Introduction					
	Welcome					
8 minutes	es Warm-up					
	Curler's Choice – Let them choose what activity they enjoyed the most from the past weeks.					
10	Dynamic Stretches:   Video demos   The participants					
minutes	s) Jumping Jacks	<ul> <li>Dynamic</li> </ul>				
	t) Walking Knee Hugs	Warm-ups	familiar with these			
	u) Large Arm Circles		warm-ups, ask for			
	v) Side Shuffles a volunteer					
	w) Lunges participant to lead					
	x) Squats the group.					
	y) Leg Swings					
	z) Inch Worms					
	aa) Karaoke					
1		l .	i l			



1 minute  1 minute	Review safe Tournament	ety/behavio	ur expectation	ons/Explana	ation of the		Sport Specific Stretch, provides an opportunity for preliminary instruction which will tie into on ice skills
ON-ICE							
Time Allotted		A	Activities			Reference	Key Factors
3 minutes	ice, but cont the curlers t beginning of	curlers shou tinue to buil ravel down f each sess	uld be getting d this into the the sidelines ion. It reinfo t, grippers ar	e program, l and back a rces how to	by having at the		This has now become a routine part of their warm-up.
90 minutes	2 End Game/3 Game - Tournament Setup:  a) Form teams of four, Teams must designate who will play what position and throw in the appropriate order. b) Teams will be assigned a colour – they will always be that colour c) Create a draw where teams play two ends, and rotate to a different sheet to play a new opponent for the next two ends. d) The score is cumulative and the team assumes the score of the game they move to. The competition becomes top of the scoreboard vs. bottom of the scoreboard, adding up all the scores on all the sheets. Play: Play six ends with instructors present on ice and helping with strategy and game procedures.  Sample Draw  Ends/Sheet 1 2 3 4  1-2 A vs. B C vs. D E vs. F G vs. H  3-4 C vs. H E vs. B G vs. D A vs. F  5-6 E vs. D G vs. F A vs. H C vs. B					Coaches should be at both ends to help with strategy and game procedures.	
5 minutes (off ice)	n) Cali o) Lun p) Inne q) Cob r) Qua	tatic Stretch nstring Stre f Stretch ge Stretch er Thigh Stre ora Stretch adriceps Str rship Stretcl	tch etch etch	ase flexibi	lity	Club Coach  – Module 5 -  Warmups  and Cool  Downs	Hold each stretch for 20-30 seconds



	t) Chest Stretch u) Upper Back Stretch v) Posterior Shoulder Stretch w) Triceps Stretch x) Forearm Stretch	
	Share any wrap up messages, thank you's, and opportunities to continue to participate.	
	Celebrate the Program with a Party! Tie the "Tournament" into the party – i.e. Make it an Olympics theme and assign each team a country the week before.	
OPTIONAL But recomm- ended	<ul> <li>Ideas:</li> <li>Pizza Party</li> <li>Theme Party (i.e. Superhero Party, Olympics Party)</li> <li>Award Prizes</li> <li>Show highlight reel (this requires taking photos and videos throughout the program)</li> <li>Photobooth</li> </ul>	



## INTRO TO STRATEGY

U18 Learn to Curl Week 6

## Intro to Strategy – Topics of Discussion

- Strength and weaknesses
- Styles of play
- Factors influencing shot selection
- Scoring concepts
- Tolerance
- Strategies when ahead on the scoreboard
- Strategies when behind on the scoreboard

#### **Strengths and Weaknesses**

- What type of curling shots do you like to do? Hits, Takeouts, Freezes, etc...
- Why do you like those shots?
- Why would it be an advantage to know your team's strengths and weaknesses?
- How can a skip use this information?

#### **Styles of Play**

- Offensive characterized as aggressive; lots of rocks in play; typically employs the use of guards, raises, freezes and come-around shots
- Defensive characterized as conservative; open; few rocks in play; takeout game
- Balanced can play the offensive and defensive styles of play



#### **Factors Influencing Shot Selection**

- F Free Guard Zone
- E End being played
- S Score
- R Last <u>R</u>ock Advantage
- A Ability of own team and opponents
- I Ice Conditions
- N Number of rocks remaining in end

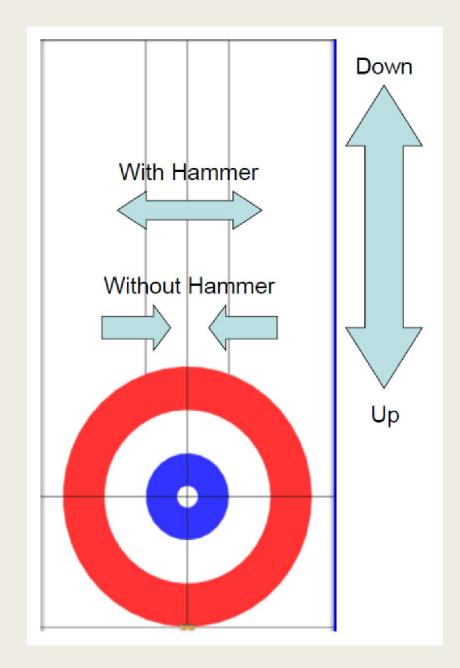
#### **Scoring Concepts**

#### **With Hammer**

- Goal is to score two or more
- Use of the corner guards
- Use of sides of sheet and keep four foot path clear
- Offense

#### **Without Hammer**

- Goal is to steal points or hold opposition to one point
- Use of centreline guards
- Play towards the centre of the sheet and block path to four foot
- Defence



#### **Play Offense:**

- When down in points
- With Hammer
- When offensive shots are your strength

#### **Play Defense:**

- When up in points
- Without hammer
- When defensive shots are your strength

#### **Tolerance**

- When you think about the tolerance for a called shot, you are thinking about what are the possible results of the shot. Both the skip and the thrower should be thinking of the tolerance. Discuss tolerance for different situations. For example:
  - The tolerance for a called guard may be a long guard or a draw into the rings.
  - The tolerance for taking out a partial guarded rock may be to remove the guard.

#### Let the Scoreboard Guide you...

# General Guidelines when ahead on the scoreboard include:

- Usually a takeout game
- Try to minimize the number of rocks in play
- Try to minimize the guards

# General Guidelines when behind on the scoreboard include:

- More of a draw game
- Tendency is to have more rocks in play
- Usually need guards to score multiple point ends
- If early in the game, do not try to get all the points back at once

## Curling Jeopardy

U18 Learn to Curl Week 4 Reverse Curling Jeopardy

Treverse carming scoparay						
Etiquette	Game Protocol	Rules	Positions	Other Stuff		
<u>\$100</u>	<u>\$100</u>	\$100	<u>\$100</u>	\$100		
<u>\$200</u>	<u>\$200</u>	\$200	<u>\$200</u>	\$200		
<u>\$300</u>	<u>\$300</u>	\$300	<u>\$300</u>	\$300		
<u>\$400</u>	<u>\$400</u>	<u>\$400</u>	<u>\$400</u>	<u>\$400</u>		
<u>\$500</u>	\$500	<u>\$500</u>	<u>\$500</u>	<u>\$500</u>		

Final Jeopardy

How you start and end each game?

Handshake



What should you be doing when your opponent is delivering?

Quiet and Still



What should you never do when your opponent misses a shot?

Cheer



Knees and hands cause the ice to \_\_\_\_\_?

■ Melt



Seven other curlers are waiting for you to start a game, you should always be...?

On-time



In the first end, hammer and colour choice is determined by...?

A coin toss



In each end, teams will alternate and throw stones per team

Eight



In order for a stone to be "in play" it must cross the....?

Hogline at the playing end



A curler must release the stone before the leading edge begins to cross the \_\_\_\_\_?

Hogline at the throwing end.



True or False – Stones can be measured at any point during an end to determine who is "shot"

False



A stone is out of play if it touches the \_\_\_\_\_\_ and completely crosses the \_\_\_\_\_\_?

Sideline and Backline



Behind the tee lines a stone may be brushed by the opponent, but the \_\_\_\_\_ team has first privilege of brushing the stone

Delivering



If no team scores, the end is considered to be a end?

Blank



If team "A" scores in end two, hammer in end three will belong to: Team "A" or Team "B" (select one)

Team "B"



The 4-Rock Rule, Free Guard Zone Rule is in effect, which means that any opposition stone coming to rest in the free guard zone may be moved but not removed from play until the rock of the end

Fifth



Only the \_\_\_\_\_ & \_\_\_\_ may be behind the house while the opponents are delivering?

Skip and Third



During the opponent's shot, sweepers should remain between hoglines and move back to the throwing end on the \_\_\_\_\_?

Sidelines



If a player delivers a stone of the wrong colour, when the stone comes to rest, it is replaced with...

A stone of the correct colour.



The skip is the one who decides \_\_\_\_\_?

Strategy



The \_\_\_\_\_(s) are responsible for measuring any stones at the completion of an end.

Thirds



Right-handed players shall deliver from the \_\_\_\_ hack.

Left



True or False – (Between the tee line at the delivering end and the hog line at the playing end) – If a moving stone is touched by the team to which it belongs, or by it's equipment, the touched stone is removed from play immediately by that team.

True



If by mistake, a player misses delivering a stone, who must throw the last stone of the end?

The player who missed their turn.



True or False – You can remove your own stone from the FGZ.

True

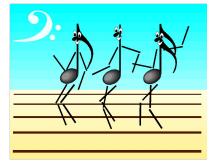


If a stationary stone is displaced, who gets to replace it?

Non-offending team



### Final Jeopardy



- What happens if two stones are exactly tied (as determined by a measure) at the completion of an end?
- If two or more stones are tied, then none of the tied stones shall count and only stones closer to the tee than the tied stones shall be eligible to be counted. If the tied stones are to determine which team shall count in that end, then end shall be considered blank.

